Aid, Trade and Development Indicators for Peru

### A. DEVELOPMENT FINANCE **EXTERNAL FINANCING INFLOWS** 2006/08 2014/16 2017 Δ:06/08-17 (million current USD) 6769.5 FDI inflows 5293.7 6525.2 28% 2748.5 3051.2 Remittances 2137.3 43% Other official flows (OOF) 316.5 850.6 296.1 -6% of which trade-related OOF 160.3 387.1 187.4 17% 684.9 577.4 -16% Official Development Assistance (ODA) 506.4

179.9

105.4

253.6

41%

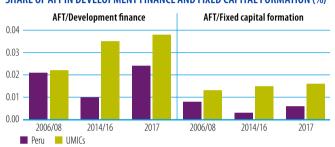
Sources: UNCTAD, UNCTADstat; WB, World Development Indicators; OECD, DAC-CRS Aid Activities Database

### **TOP 3 AFT PRIORITIES**

of which Aid for Trade



### SHARE OF AFT IN DEVELOPMENT FINANCE AND FIXED CAPITAL FORMATION (%)

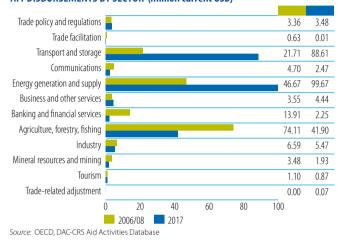


## AfT DISBURSMENTS: TOP DONORS (million current USD)

| 2006/08         | value | %  | 2017            | value | %  |
|-----------------|-------|----|-----------------|-------|----|
| Norway          | 45.3  | 25 | EU Institutions | 95.7  | 38 |
| United States   | 44.4  | 25 | Germany         | 91.4  | 36 |
| EU Institutions | 27.4  | 15 | United States   | 16.6  | 7  |
| Spain           | 21.4  | 12 | Japan           | 10.5  | 4  |
| Japan           | 9.8   | 5  | Canada          | 8.4   | 3  |

Source: OECD DAC-CRS Aid Activities Database

### AFT DISBURSEMENTS BY SECTOR (million current USD)



|  | R |  |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|--|
|  |   |  |  |  |
|  |   |  |  |  |
|  |   |  |  |  |

| INDICATORS                                 | 2006 | 2017 |
|--|------|------|
| Tariffs (%)                                |      |      |
| Imports: simple avg. MFN applied           | 10.2 | 2.4  |
| Imports: weighted avg. MFN applied (06-16) |      | 1.9  |
| Exports: weighted avg. faced (05–16)       | 1.6  | 0.3  |
| Exports: duty free (value in %) (05-16)    | 84.0 | 98.0 |
| ICT connectivity (% of population)         |      |      |
| Mobile broadband subscriptions (10-17)     | 0.9  | 64.2 |
| Fixed broadband subscriptions              | 1.7  | 7.2  |
| Internet users                             | 20.7 | 48.7 |
|  |      |      |

Sources: WTO, World Tariff Profiles; ITU, World Telecommunication/ICT Indicators

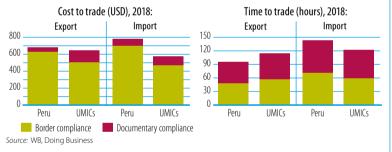
### LOGISTICS PERFORMANCE INDICES (LPI) (1-5)

Source: OECD, DAC-CRS Aid Activities Database

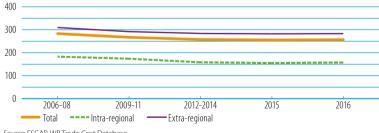


### TRADE FACILITATION INDICATORS, 2017 (0-2)





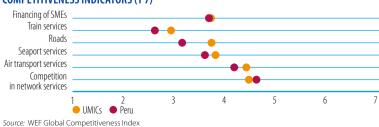
### TRADE COSTS (ad-valorem, %)



Source: ESCAP-WB Trade Cost Database

Note: Number of partners used in the calculation of average trade costs: total (76), intra-regional (16), extra-regional (60)

### **COMPETITIVENESS INDICATORS (1-7)**



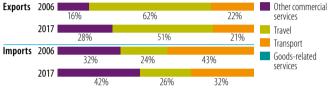
### C. TRADE PERFORMANCE **INDICATOR** 2006 2017 Trade to GDP ratio (%) 50 47 Commercial services as % of total exports (%) 10 14 Commercial services as % of total imports (%) 18 18 Non-fuel intermediates (% of merchandise exports) 79 76 Non-fuel intermediates (% of merchandise imports) 46 44

Sources: WTO Secretariat; UN Comtrade

| TRADE FLO | WS (billion current USD) | 2006   | 2017   | Increase Decrease |
|-----------|--------------------------|--------|--------|-------------------|
| Exports   | Goods                    | 23.830 | 44.918 | +88% 🔺            |
|           | Commercial services      | 2.533  | 7.232  | +186% 🔺           |
| Imports   | Goods                    | 14.468 | 38.261 | +164% 🛕           |
|           | Commercial services      | 3.277  | 8.657  | +164% 🔺           |

Sources: WTO Secretariat

### STRUCTURE OF SERVICES TRADE



Source: WTO Secretariat Note: For goods-related services, no value label is provided in the case of missing data or zero trade.

### **TOP 5 MARKETS FOR MERCHANDISE EXPORTS (%)**

| 2006          | %  | 2017               | %  |
|---------------|----|--------------------|----|
| United States | 24 | China              | 26 |
| China         | 10 | United States      | 16 |
| Switzerland   | 7  | Switzerland        | 5  |
| Canada        | 7  | Korea, Republic of | 5  |
| Chile         | 6  | India              | 4  |

### **TOP 5 MERCHANDISE EXPORTS (%)**

| 2006                         | %  | 2017                         | %  |
|------------------------------|----|------------------------------|----|
| Gold, nonmontry excl. ores   | 17 | Copper ores, concentrates    | 27 |
| Copper                       | 15 | Gold, nonmontry excl. ores   | 16 |
| Ore, concentrate base metals | 13 | Ore, concentrate base metals | 8  |
| Copper ores, concentrates    | 12 | Petroleum products           | 6  |
| Petroleum products           | 6  | Fruit, nuts excl. oil nuts   | 5  |
| Source: UN Comtrade          |    |                              |    |

| INDICATOR                                       | 2006  | 2017  |
|---|-------|-------|
| Product diversification (based on HSO2, 4-dig.) |       |       |
| Number of exported products (max. 1,245)        | 845   | 923   |
| Number of imported products (max. 1,245)        | 1086  | 1113  |
| HH export product concentration (0 to 1)        | 0.074 | 0.110 |
| HH import product concentration (0 to 1)        | 0.027 | 0.016 |
| Market diversification                          |       |       |
| Number of export markets (max. 237)             | 157   | 164   |
| Number of import markets (max. 237)             | 128   | 150   |
| HH export market concentration (0 to 1)         | 0.089 | 0.107 |
| HH import market concentration (0 to 1)         | 0.065 | 0.102 |

Sources: WTO Secretariat; UN Comtrade

### STRUCTURE OF MERCHANDISE TRADE



### **TOP 5 MARKETS FOR MERCHANDISE IMPORTS (%)**

| 2006          | %  | 2017          | %  |
|---------------|----|---------------|----|
| United States | 16 | China         | 22 |
| Brazil        | 10 | United States | 20 |
| China         | 10 | Brazil        | 6  |
| Ecuador       | 7  | Mexico        | 4  |
| Colombia      | 6  | Fcuador       | 4  |

### **TOP 5 MERCHANDISE IMPORTS (%)**

| 2006                                  | %  | 2017                                      | % |
|---------------------------------------|----|---|---|
| Petroleum oils, crude                 | 14 | Petroleum products                        | 8 |
| Petroleum products                    | 4  | Petroleum oils, crude                     | 6 |
| Telecomm. equipment parts, n.e.s.     | 4  | Passenger motor vehicles, excl. buses     | 4 |
| Passenger motor vehicles, excl. buses | 2  | Telecomm. equipment parts, n.e.s.         | 4 |
| Civil engineering equipment           | 2  | Goods, special-purpose transport vehicles | 2 |
| Source: LIN Comtrade                  |    |   |   |

30 25

20

15 10

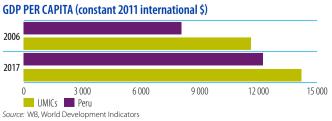
|  | D. DEVELOPMENT INDICAT |            |                    |
|--|------------------------|------------|--------------------|
| INDICATOR  | 2006                   | 2017       | POVERTY INDICATOR  |
| Unemployment (% of total labour force)                                 | 4.3                    | 3.5        | Population (%)     |
| Female labour force participation rate (%)                             | 67.1                   | 69.7       | \$1.90 a day (PPP) |
| ODA (% of gross national income)                                       | 0.6                    | 0.0        | 25                 |
| Import duties collected (% of tax revenue)                             | 5.2                    | 1.6        | 20                 |
| Total debt service (% of total exports)                                | 13.1                   | 21.7       | 15                 |
| Human Development Index (0–1)  | 0.70                   | 0.8        | 10 —               |
| Sources: ILO, ILOSTAT; OECD, DAC-CRS Aid Activities Database; WB, Worl | ld Development II      | ndicators; | 5                  |

Sources: ILO, ILOSTAT; OECD, DAC-CRS Aid Activities Database; WB, World Development Indicators; UNDP, International Human Development Indicators

### **ECONOMIC STRUCTURE** 7.2% 7.5% 51.8% 59.7% 2017 2006 40 9% 32.8% Agriculture, value added Industry, value added Services, etc., value added (% of GDP) (% of GDP) (% of GDP) Source: WB, World Development Indicators

# POVERTY INDICATORS Population (%) living below: \$1.90 a day (PPP) \$3.20 a day (PPP) 25 20 15 10 2006 2016 2006 2016





**INEQUALITY INDICATORS** 

lowest 20%

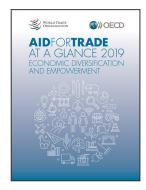
2016

2006

2016

Income (%) held by:

lowest 40%



### From:

# Aid for Trade at a Glance 2019

**Economic Diversification and Empowerment** 

# Access the complete publication at:

https://doi.org/10.1787/18ea27d8-en

# Please cite this chapter as:

OECD/World Trade Organization (2019), "Aid, Trade and Development Indicators for Peru", in *Aid for Trade at a Glance 2019: Economic Diversification and Empowerment*, OECD Publishing, Paris.

DOI: https://doi.org/10.1787/cd5f59bb-en

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