Argentina

- 1. Argentina was reviewed as part of the 2017/2018 and the 2018/2019 peer reviews. This report is supplementary to those previous reports (OECD, 2019_[1]) (OECD, 2018_[2]).
- 2. The first filing obligation for a CbC report in Argentina commences on or after the 1 January 2017.

Summary of key findings

3. Argentina's implementation of the Action 13 minimum standard meets all applicable terms of reference (OECD, 2017_[3]).

Part A: The domestic legal and administrative framework

- 4. Argentina meets all the terms of reference relating to the domestic legal and administrative framework.
 - (a) Parent entity filing obligation
- No changes were identified.
 - (b) Scope and timing of parent entity filing
- 6. No changes were identified.
 - (c) Limitation on local filing obligation
- 7. No changes were identified.
 - (d) Limitation on local filing in case of surrogate filing
- 8. No changes were identified.
 - (e) Effective implementation
- 9. No changes were identified.

Conclusion

10. There is no change to the conclusion in relation to the domestic legal and administration framework for Argentina since the previous peer review. Argentina meets all the terms of reference relating to the domestic legal and administrative framework.

Part B: The exchange of information framework

(a) Exchange of information framework

11. As of 31 March 2020, Argentina has [64] bilateral relationships, including those activated under the CbC MCAA and under bilateral CAAs. Within the context of its international exchange of information agreements that allow automatic exchange of information, Argentina has taken steps to have Qualifying

Competent Authority agreements in effect with jurisdictions of the Inclusive Framework that meet the confidentiality, consistency and appropriate use conditions. Regarding Argentina's exchange of information framework, no inconsistencies with the terms of reference were identified.

(b) Content of information exchanged

- 12. No changes were identified.
 - (c) Completeness of exchanges
- 13. No changes were identified.
 - (d) Timeliness of exchanges
- 14. No changes were identified.
 - (e) Temporary suspension of exchange or termination of QCAA
- 15. No changes were identified.
 - (f) Consultation with other Competent Authority before determining systemic failure or significant non-compliance
- 16. No changes were identified.
 - (g) Format for information exchange
- 17. Argentina confirms that it uses the OECD XML Schema and User Guide (OECD, 2017_[4]) for the international exchange of CbC reports.
 - (h) Method for transmission
- 18. Argentina indicates that it uses the Common Transmission System to exchange CbC reports.

Conclusion

19. Argentina has in place the necessary processes and written procedures to ensure that the exchange of information is conducted in a manner consistent with the terms of reference relating to the exchange of information framework. Argentina meets all the terms of reference regarding the exchange of information.

Part C: Appropriate use

Appropriate use

20. No changes were identified.

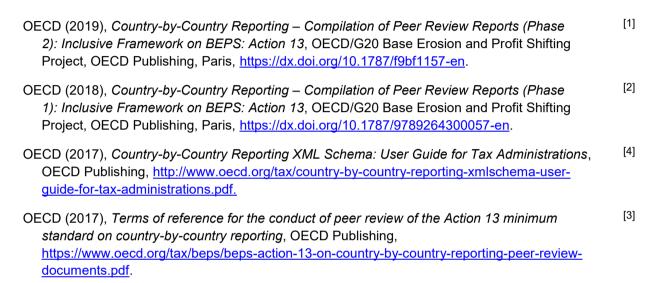
Conclusion

21. Argentina meets all the terms of reference relating to appropriate use of CbC reports.

Summary of recommendations on the implementation of country-by-country reporting

Aspect of the implementation that should be improved		Recommendation for improvement
Part A	Domestic legal and administrative framework	-
Part B	Exchange of information framework	-
Part C	Appropriate use	-

References



Note

¹ No inconsistency with the terms of reference will be identified where a QCAA is not in effect with one or more jurisdictions of the Inclusive Framework that meet the confidentiality, consistency and appropriate use conditions, but this is due to circumstances that are not under the control of the reviewed jurisdiction. This may include, for example, where the other jurisdiction intends to exchange CbC reports using the MCAA but it does not have the Convention in effect for the relevant fiscal period, or where the other jurisdiction has declined to have a QCAA in effect with the reviewed jurisdiction.



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