

ABBREVIATIONS

ANZSIC:	Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification
CPA:	Statistical Classification of Products by Activity within the European Economic Community
CPC:	Central Product Classification
CPI:	Consumer price index
BtoAll	Business to all users
BtoB:	Business to business
BtoC:	Business to consumer
BtoE:	Business to export
ESA:	European system of accounts
EU:	European Union
Eurostat:	Statistical Office of the European Communities
GDP:	Gross domestic product
INSEE:	Institut National de la Statistique et des Études
ISIC:	International Standard Industrial Classification of all Economic Activities
KAU:	Kind of activity unit
LKAU :	Local kind of activity unit
NACE:	Classification of Economic Activities within the European Communities
NAICS:	North American Industrial Classification System
NAPCS:	North American Product Classification System
NPI:	Non-profit institution
NSO:	National Statistical Office
OECD:	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
PPS:	Probability proportional to size
PPI:	Producer price index
SNA:	System of National Accounts
SPPI:	Services producer price index
STS-R:	Short-term Statistics regulation (for EU Member states)
UMTS:	Universal Mobile Telecommunications Systems
UN:	United Nations
VAT:	Value-added tax



From:

Eurostat-OECD Methodological Guide for Developing Producer Price Indices for Services Second Edition

Access the complete publication at:

<https://doi.org/10.1787/9789264220676-en>

Please cite this chapter as:

OECD/Eurostat (2014), "Abbreviations", in *Eurostat-OECD Methodological Guide for Developing Producer Price Indices for Services: Second Edition*, OECD Publishing, Paris.

DOI: <https://doi.org/10.1787/9789264220676-2-en>

This work is published under the responsibility of the Secretary-General of the OECD. The opinions expressed and arguments employed herein do not necessarily reflect the official views of OECD member countries.

This document and any map included herein are without prejudice to the status of or sovereignty over any territory, to the delimitation of international frontiers and boundaries and to the name of any territory, city or area.

You can copy, download or print OECD content for your own use, and you can include excerpts from OECD publications, databases and multimedia products in your own documents, presentations, blogs, websites and teaching materials, provided that suitable acknowledgment of OECD as source and copyright owner is given. All requests for public or commercial use and translation rights should be submitted to rights@oecd.org. Requests for permission to photocopy portions of this material for public or commercial use shall be addressed directly to the Copyright Clearance Center (CCC) at info@copyright.com or the Centre français d'exploitation du droit de copie (CFC) at contact@cfcopies.com.