Abbreviations and acronyms

CCS Carbon capture and storage
CCU Carbon capture and use

CCUS Carbon capture, Use and storage
CE Circular Economy pathway
CSP Concentrated solar power
EC European Commission

EFTA European Free Trade Association

EGD European Green Deal

EU ETS European Union Emission Trading System
EU27 27 member countries of the European Union

Eurostat SBS Eurostat Structural Business Statistics
EUTL European Union Transaction Log

GHG Greenhouse gas

IEA International Energy Agency

KWh Kilowatt-hour **LNG** Liquified natural gas

LOHC Liquid organic hydrogen carrier

MENA Middle East and North Africa

NACE Nomenclature of Economic Activities. Classification of economic

activities at different levels of detail.

NP New Processes pathway

NUTS Nomenclature of Territorial Units for Statistics. It refers to the EU

system for classification of regions at different levels of detail.

Orbis Cross-country firm-level database by Bureu Van Dijk

PV Photovoltaic
RE Renewable energy

SDS Sustainable Development Scenario
SES Structure of Earnings Survey

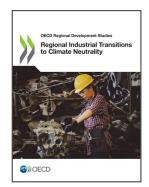
tCO2e Tonnes of carbon dioxide equivalent

TL Territorial level. It refers to the OECD system for classification of

regions at different levels of detail.

TWh Terawatt-hour

UBA German Federal Environment Agency



From:

Regional Industrial Transitions to Climate Neutrality

Access the complete publication at:

https://doi.org/10.1787/35247cc7-en

Please cite this chapter as:

OECD (2023), "Abbreviations and acronyms", in *Regional Industrial Transitions to Climate Neutrality*, OECD Publishing, Paris.

DOI: https://doi.org/10.1787/5e001032-en

This work is published under the responsibility of the Secretary-General of the OECD. The opinions expressed and arguments employed herein do not necessarily reflect the official views of OECD member countries.

This document, as well as any data and map included herein, are without prejudice to the status of or sovereignty over any territory, to the delimitation of international frontiers and boundaries and to the name of any territory, city or area. Extracts from publications may be subject to additional disclaimers, which are set out in the complete version of the publication, available at the link provided.

The use of this work, whether digital or print, is governed by the Terms and Conditions to be found at http://www.oecd.org/termsandconditions.

