

## Annex A. The 2019 OECD Youth Governance Surveys

Delivering on the guidance and the Programme of Work of the OECD Public Governance Committee (PGC), the OECD Secretariat conducted the 2019 OECD Youth Governance Surveys between May 2019 and February 2020. Survey 1 targeted government entities in charge of youth affairs (Table A.1), while Survey 2 targeted ministries of education that are not in charge of youth affairs and line ministry indicated by the PGC delegate of each country (Table A.2). The Surveys collected responses of government entities from 34 OECD member countries and the European Commission and eight non-member countries. The questionnaires gathered information on governments' youth policies, the role of public institutions in delivering them, and tools to integrate the perspective of young people in policymaking. The questionnaires also looked at laws and regulations on the access of young people to public services, as well as governments' practices to inform, consult and engage young people. They also gathered information about the opportunities for youth to shape policy outcomes, engage as volunteers and in youth work and work in state institutions. They also collected evidence on civic education systems in place. The OECD Secretariat, in co-operation with the respondent government entities, undertook a process of data cleaning and validation between September 2019 and April 2020 to ensure the completeness, consistency and coherency of the responses received in Survey 1 and Survey 2.

As part of the 2019 OECD Youth Governance Surveys, the OECD Secretariat also ran an online survey targeting youth organisations and stakeholders worldwide between May 2019 and January 2020. The 81 respondents were asked to provide information that served to characterise their organisation and the country their responses referred to (if not internationally-based organisations). They were also asked to provide a link to the website of their organisation. Only the responses that included a valid URL/website presenting the work of a youth organisation were included in the final analysis (65 respondents). The online survey was disseminated via OECD social media, networks of youth-led organisations, youth policymakers, and delegates to the Public Governance Committee of the OECD. While the survey does not represent jurisdictions or stakeholder groups, its goal was to include the perspective of a diverse group of youth-led organisations operating at the international, national and local level (Table A.3).

**Table A.1. Government entities in charge of youth affairs that participated to the 2019 OECD Youth Governance Surveys, Survey 1**

Country	Government entity
Australia	Department of Health
Austria	Federal Chancellery Federal Minister for Women Families and Youth within the Federal Chancellery
Belgium	Flemish Community, French Community and German-speaking Community
Canada	Privy Council Office
Chile	Instituto Nacional de la Juventud
Colombia	Consejería Presidencial para la juventud
Czech Republic	Ministry of Education Youth and Sports
Denmark	The Ministry of Education
Estonia	Ministry of Education and Research

Country	Government entity
Finland	Ministry of Education and Culture
France	Ministry of national education and youth
Germany	Bundesministerium Familie Senioren Frauen und Jugend
Greece	MINISTRY OF EDUCATION RESEARCH AND RELIGIOUS AFFAIRS
Hungary	Ministry of Human Capacities
Iceland	Ministry of Education Science and Culture
Ireland	Children and Youth Affairs
Italy	Department for Youth Policies and the Universal Civic Service
Japan	Cabinet Office, Office of the Director for Policy of Youth Affairs
Latvia	Ministry of Education and Science
Lithuania	Ministry of Social Security and Labour of the Republic of Lithuania
Luxembourg	MENJE
Mexico	Instituto Mexicano de la Juventud
Netherlands	Ministry of Health Welfare and Sport
New Zealand	Ministry of Social Development
Norway	Norwegian Ministry of Children and Family
Poland	Ministry of National Education
Portugal	Portuguese Institute of Youth and Sports
Slovak Republic	Ministry of Education Science Research and Sport of the Slovak Republic
Slovenia	Office for Youth
Spain	INJUVE
Sweden	Ministry of Culture
Switzerland	Federal Social Insurance Office
Turkey	Ministry of Youth and Sports
Argentina	National Institute of Youth
Brazil	Ministry of Women Family and Human Rights
Bulgaria	Ministry of youth and sports
Costa Rica	Ministry of Culture and Youth
Peru	Ministerio de Educacion
Romania	The ministry of Youth and Sport
Ukraine	Ministry of Youth and Sports of Ukraine
European Commission	Directorate General for Education and Culture ( <i>ad-hoc contribution</i> )

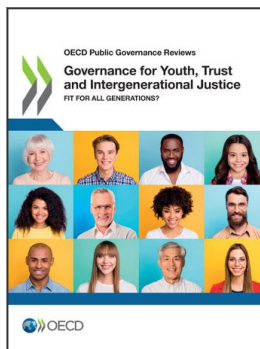
**Table A.2. Government entities that participated to the 2019 OECD Youth Governance Surveys, Survey 2**

Country	Government entity
Chile	Ministerio de Educacion
Colombia	Department for Social Prosperity
Colombia	Colombian Ministry of Education
Czech Republic	Ministry of Labour and Social Affairs
Denmark	Ministry of Higher Education and Science
Estonia	Ministry of Social Affairs
France	Ministry of public action and accounts
Germany	Federal Ministry of the Interior, Building and Community
Hungary	Prime Minister's Office
Iceland	Ministry of Social affairs

Country	Government entity
Ireland	Ministry of Education and Skills
Ireland	Department of Rural and Community Development
Italy	Ministry of Labour and Social Policies
Italy	MINISTRY OF EDUCATION
Japan	Ministry of Education, Culture, Sports, Science and Technology
Korea	Ministry of Education
Korea	Ministry of Gender equality and family
Latvia	The Ministry of Environmental Protection and Regional Development
Lithuania	Ministry of Education, Science and Sport
Luxembourg	Ministry of Culture
New Zealand	Ministry of Education
Norway	Ministry of Education and Research
Norway	Ministry of Culture
Poland	Ministry of Family, Labour and Social Policy
Portugal	Ministério do Trabalho, Solidariedade e Segurança Social
Slovenia	Ministry of Public Administration
Spain	MINISTERIO DE EDUCACION Y FORMACION PROFESIONAL
Sweden	Ministry of Education and Research
Sweden	Ministry of Employment
Turkey	Ministry of Education
Argentina	Ministerio de Educacion Cultura Ciencia y Tecnología
Argentina	Secretary of Environment and Sustainable Development
Brazil	MEC
Bulgaria	Ministry of Education
Bulgaria	Council of Ministers' Administration
Costa Rica	Ministerio de Educación Pública
Costa Rica	Ministry of National Planning and Economic Policy
Kazakhstan	Agency of Civil service
Romania	Ministry of Labour and Social Justice
Romania	Ministry of Education and Research
Ukraine	MINISTRY OF EDUCATION AND SCIENCE OF UKRAINE

**Table A.3. Youth stakeholders that participated to the online survey part of the 2019 OECD Youth Governance Surveys**

Type of youth stakeholder	Share of respondents
Youth-led organisation (e.g. majority of members are below 30 years)	37%
Non-governmental organisation focusing on youth issues (e.g. youth rights, youth participation, youth work)	25%
Youth wing of a political party	3%
Youth umbrella organisation (e.g. regional, national or subnational youth council, association of youth organisations)	20%
Other youth structure (e.g. student councils, advisory youth board of governmental institutions or other organisations)	1%
Other youth stakeholder	14%



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