

# Slovenia

## Overall findings

### Overall determination on the legal framework: In Place

Slovenia's legal framework implementing the AEOI Standard is in place and is consistent with the requirements of the AEOI Terms of Reference. This includes Slovenia's domestic legislative framework requiring Reporting Financial Institutions to conduct the due diligence and reporting procedures (CR1) and its international legal framework to exchange the information with all of Slovenia's Interested Appropriate Partners (CR2).

The methodology used for the peer reviews and that therefore underpins this report is outlined in Chapter 2.

## Conclusions on the legal framework

### General context

Slovenia commenced exchanges under the AEOI Standard in 2017.

In order to provide for Reporting Financial Institutions to collect and report the information to be exchanged, Slovenia:

- amended the Tax Procedure Act (ZDavP-2l, as further amended in the OJ No. 69/2017 of 8 December 2017);
- amended the Rules on the implementation of the Tax Procedure Act; and
- issued further guidance, which is not legally binding.

Under this framework Reporting Financial Institutions were required to commence the due diligence procedures in relation to New Accounts from 1 January 2016. With respect to Preexisting Accounts, Reporting Financial Institutions were required to complete the due diligence procedures on High Value Individual Accounts by 31 December 2016 and on Lower Value Individual Accounts and Entity Accounts by 31 December 2017.

Following the initial peer review by the Global Forum, Slovenia amended its legislative framework to address issues identified, effective from 9 December 2017.

With respect to the exchange of information under the AEOI Standard, Slovenia:

- is a Party to the convention on Mutual Administrative Assistance in Tax Matters and activated the associated CRS Multilateral Competent Authority Agreement in time for exchanges in 2017;
- has implemented European Directive 2011/16/EU on Administrative Cooperation in the Field of Taxation, as amended by Directive 2014/107/EU; and
- has in place European Union agreements with five European third countries.<sup>1</sup>

### Detailed findings

The detailed findings for Slovenia are below, organised per Core Requirement (CR) and sub-requirement (SR), as extracted from the AEOI Terms of Reference ([www.oecd.org/tax/transparency/documents/aeoi-terms-of-reference.pdf](http://www.oecd.org/tax/transparency/documents/aeoi-terms-of-reference.pdf)).

***CR1 Domestic legal framework: Jurisdictions should have a domestic legislative framework in place that requires all Reporting Financial Institutions to conduct the due diligence and reporting procedures in the CRS, and that provides for the effective implementation of the CRS as set out therein.***

<b>Determination: In Place</b>
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Slovenia's domestic legislative framework is in place and contains all of the key aspects of the CRS and its Commentary requiring Reporting Financial Institutions to conduct the due diligence and reporting procedures (SRs 1.1 – 1.3). It also provides for a framework to enforce the requirements (SR 1.4).

**SR 1.1** Jurisdictions should define the scope of Reporting Financial Institutions consistently with the CRS.

Slovenia has defined the scope of Reporting Financial Institutions in its domestic legislative framework in accordance with the CRS and its Commentary.

**Recommendations:**

No recommendations made.

**SR 1.2** Jurisdictions should define the scope of Financial Accounts and Reportable Accounts consistently with the CRS and incorporate the due diligence procedures to identify them.

Slovenia has defined the scope of the Financial Accounts that are required to be reported in its domestic legislative framework and incorporated the due diligence procedures that must be applied to identify them in accordance with the CRS and its Commentary.

**Recommendations:**

No recommendations made.

**SR 1.3** Jurisdictions should incorporate the reporting requirements contained in Section I of the CRS into their domestic legislative framework.

Slovenia has incorporated the reporting requirements in its domestic legislative framework in accordance with the CRS and its Commentary.

**Recommendations:**

No recommendations made.

**SR 1.4** Jurisdictions should have a legislative framework in place that allows for the enforcement of the requirements of the CRS in practice.

Slovenia has a legislative framework in place to enforce the requirements in accordance with the CRS and its Commentary.

**Recommendations:**

No recommendations made.

***CR2 International legal framework: Jurisdictions should have exchange relationships in effect with all Interested Appropriate Partners as committed to and that provide for the exchange of information in accordance with the Model CAA.***

<b>Determination: In Place</b>
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Slovenia's international legal framework to exchange the information is in place, is consistent with the Model CAA and its Commentary and provides for exchange with all of Slovenia's Interested Appropriate

Partners (i.e. all jurisdictions that are interested in receiving information from Slovenia and that meet the required standard in relation to confidentiality and data safeguards). (SRs 2.1 – 2.3)

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**SR 2.1** Jurisdictions should have exchange agreements in effect with all Interested Appropriate Partners that permit the automatic exchange of CRS information.

Slovenia has exchange agreements that permit the automatic exchange of CRS information in effect with all its Interested Appropriate Partners.

**Recommendations:**

No recommendations made.

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**SR 2.2** Such an exchange agreement should be put in place without undue delay, following the receipt of an expression of interest from an Interested Appropriate Partner.

Slovenia put in place its exchange agreements without undue delay.

**Recommendations:**

No recommendations made.

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**SR 2.3** Jurisdictions should ensure that the exchange agreements in effect provide for the exchange of information in accordance with the requirements of the Model CAA.

Slovenia's exchange agreements provide for the exchange of information in accordance with the requirements of the Model CAA.

**Recommendations:**

No recommendations made.

## Comments by the assessed jurisdiction

Slovenia wishes to express its gratitude and deep appreciation for the excellent work carried out by the Secretariat of the Global Forum and the AEOI Assessment Panel. Slovenia is confident that the AEOI legal determination report is a fair and accurate picture of the legal framework in force. We are satisfied with the conclusion that Slovenia's legal framework implementing the AEOI Standard is in place and is consistent with the requirements of the AEOI Terms of Reference and that there are no recommendations.

## Note

<sup>1</sup> Andorra, Liechtenstein, Monaco, San Marino and Switzerland.



From:

## Peer Review of the Automatic Exchange of Financial Account Information 2020

Access the complete publication at:

<https://doi.org/10.1787/175eeff4-en>

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### Please cite this chapter as:

OECD (2020), "Slovenia", in *Peer Review of the Automatic Exchange of Financial Account Information 2020*, OECD Publishing, Paris.

DOI: <https://doi.org/10.1787/29798211-en>

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